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**BUREAU FOR DEMOCRACY, CONFLICT, AND HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE (DCHA)
OFFICE OF U.S. FOREIGN DISASTER ASSISTANCE (OFDA)**

Pakistan – Complex Emergency

Fact Sheet #17, Fiscal Year (FY) 2009

June 23, 2009

Note: The last fact sheet was dated June 18, 2009.

KEY DEVELOPMENTS

- U.N. agencies continue to conduct contingency planning meetings in preparation for potential population displacement from North and South Waziristan agencies in the Federally Administered Tribal Areas (FATA). During a June 19 contingency planning meeting, a U.N. Children’s Fund (UNICEF) representative noted that Government of Pakistan (GoP) officials reported that operations in South Waziristan had displaced approximately 60,000 individuals. The majority of displaced families have fled to relatively safer areas in North-West Frontier Province (NWFP), with approximately 80 percent fleeing to Dera Ismail Khan District and the remaining 20 percent fleeing to Tank District, according to the UNICEF representative.
- The GoP National Database and Registration Authority (NADRA) continues to review and verify displaced person registrations. As of June 19, the U.N. Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA) reported that NADRA had reviewed 521,711 of the 558,125 registered family cases and verified nearly 269,000 family registrations—representing approximately 1.9 million individuals—as eligible for displaced person benefits.
- According to OCHA, NADRA had disqualified approximately 253,000 households—representing 1.77 million individuals—due to duplicate registrations, addresses of origin outside of conflict areas, or invalid, missing, or unclear national identity cards.
- In FY 2008 and to date in FY 2009, the U.S. Government (USG) has provided more than \$169 million to conflict-affected populations in Pakistan, including nearly \$80 million in USAID/OFDA funding. At present, USAID/OFDA supports health, nutrition, humanitarian coordination and information management, economy and market systems, risk reduction, shelter and settlements, and water, sanitation, and hygiene (WASH) activities, as well as the provision of relief supplies and logistical support, for internally displaced persons and host families.

NUMBERS AT A GLANCE		SOURCE
NADRA-Verified Internally Displaced Persons ¹	1.9 million	UNHCR ² – June 11, 2009

FY 2008 AND FY 2009 HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE FOR CONFLICT-AFFECTED POPULATIONS

USAID/OFDA Assistance for Conflict-Affected Populations	\$79,998,889
USAID/FFP ³ Assistance for Conflict-Affected Populations.....	\$36,237,900
USAID/Pakistan Assistance for Conflict-Affected Populations.....	\$7,596,308
State/PRM ⁴ Assistance ⁵ for Conflict-Affected Populations	\$24,600,000
USDA ⁶ Assistance for Conflict-Affected Populations.....	\$16,800,000
DoD ⁷ Assistance for Conflict-Affected Populations.....	\$3,800,000
Total USG Humanitarian Assistance for Conflict-Affected Populations	\$169,033,097

CURRENT SITUATION

- On June 17, OCHA reported that approximately 260,000 displaced persons—constituting nearly 14 percent of the 1.9 million GoP NADRA-verified displaced individuals—resided in official and unofficial camps, including six recently-established camps. Relief agencies note that the majority of the remaining 86 percent of displaced individuals currently reside with host communities.

¹ NADRA continues to verify internally displaced person registration numbers. Humanitarian agencies expect the process to yield a total of 2 million registered and verified internally displaced persons, according to the U.N. This figure does not include unofficial estimates of new displacement or displaced populations outside NWFP.

² Office of the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR)

³ USAID’s Office of Food for Peace (USAID/FFP)

⁴ U.S. Department of State’s Bureau of Population, Refugees, and Migration (State/PRM)

⁵ This figure does not include more than \$51 million in regional humanitarian assistance provided by State/PRM in FY 2008.

⁶ U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA)

⁷ U.S. Department of Defense (DoD)

Population Movements and Internally Displaced Person Camps

- On June 14, UNICEF reported that conflict in Lower Dir District, NWFP, has resulted in significant population movements to Upper Dir District. On June 18, OCHA reported that approximately 2,000 newly displaced families had arrived in Upper Dir District, resulting in the establishment of several spontaneous internally displaced person camps. OCHA noted concern regarding the establishment of additional spontaneous camps in Upper Dir due to limited humanitarian access to the area.
- On June 19, OCHA reported additional population displacement from Swat and Buner districts, most likely due to easing of curfew restrictions, which has allowed conflict-affected individuals to relocate to safer areas. OCHA noted a potential need for additional humanitarian assistance to support the increased caseload.
- In addition, OCHA indicated the need to identify alternative housing for displaced populations residing in schools prior to the beginning of the upcoming school year in September. According to the U.N. Education Cluster, displaced families currently occupy more than 3,300 schools, potentially affecting an estimated 500,000 students.
- On June 19, the USAID Disaster Assistance Response Team (USAID/DART) deputy team leader visited four of the 28 schools in Mansehra District, each of which host between four and nine displaced households. According to the district coordination officer, authorities closed all schools in Mansehra District on May 16 in order to provide shelter for displaced families.
- On June 19, the U.N. Camp Management and Camp Coordination Cluster reported ongoing efforts to expand Jalozai camp in Nowshera District, NWFP, to accommodate an additional 6,000 displaced individuals. The cluster reported that camp populations will continue to increase if displaced individuals residing in host communities cannot access humanitarian assistance. However, UNHCR reported that many formal camps lack land for additional expansions.

Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene

- During a June 22 U.N. WASH Cluster meeting, members of the NWFP government and representatives from the GoP Ministry of Local Government and Rural Development presented estimates for restoration of WASH infrastructure in nine Tehsil Municipal Administrations located in Swat, Buner, Shangla, Malakand, and Lower Dir districts.
- Based on initial estimates, the NWFP representative reported WASH requirements totaling nearly 484 million Pakistani Rupees, or approximately \$6 million, including 25 percent for hygiene promotion activities and 67 percent for costs associated with reparation and restoration of the water supply.
- On June 19, OCHA reported continued concern regarding the spread of water-borne diseases in internally displaced person camps and host communities during the upcoming July to September monsoon season. In response, the WASH Cluster reported ongoing efforts to develop camp-specific action plans in high-risk camps, including an increase in hygiene promotion activities and the construction of adequate drainage systems.
- Between June 6 and June 12, Disease Early Warning System (DEWS) surveillance sites received alerts of nine acute watery diarrhea (AWD) cases from Larama displaced person camp in Peshawar District and in the Mardan district hospital and medical complex. Medical staff confirmed five of the nine cases for cholera. According to the U.N. World Health Organization (WHO), all of the patients recovered with treatment. Medical staff have investigated all positive cases and instituted AWD containment measures, including the provision of safe drinking water and hygiene promotion activities.

USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO CONFLICT-AFFECTED POPULATIONS

- On October 20, 2008, U.S. Ambassador Anne W. Patterson redeclared a disaster due to continued humanitarian needs resulting from civil conflict and displacement in Pakistan and requested USAID/OFDA assistance.
- On May 15, USAID deployed a DART to Pakistan to support GoP relief efforts, manage the humanitarian response, and coordinate with the humanitarian community. On May 18, USAID activated a Washington D.C.-based Response Management Team to support the DART.
- In FY 2008 and to date in FY 2009, USAID/OFDA has provided nearly \$80 million in humanitarian assistance to conflict-affected populations in Pakistan and more than \$4.9 million in response to earthquakes and floods. At present, USAID/OFDA is supporting health, nutrition, humanitarian coordination and information management, economy and market systems, risk reduction, shelter and settlements, and WASH interventions, as well as the provision of relief supplies and logistical support.
- To date in FY 2009, USAID/FFP has provided 39,670 metric tons (MT) of P.L. 480 Title II emergency food assistance, valued at more than \$36 million, to the U.N. World Food Program (WFP) emergency operations.
- To date in FY 2009, USDA has provided 50,000 MT of Food for Progress assistance, valued at \$16.8 million, through the GoP Ministry of Agriculture for distribution to conflict-affected populations.
- In FY 2008 and to date in FY 2009, USAID/Pakistan has provided more than \$7.5 million in humanitarian assistance to displaced persons and conflict-affected populations in NWFP and FATA, including support for relief commodities, programs for livelihood recovery, infrastructure rehabilitation, education, health, agriculture, shelter, reconstruction for internally displaced person returns, economy and market systems development, and WASH.
- In FY 2009, State/PRM has provided \$24.6 million to UNHCR and the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) to support the provision of relief commodities, as well as health, protection, humanitarian coordination, shelter

and settlements, and WASH activities. In FY 2008, State/PRM provided more than \$51 million in regional humanitarian assistance to populations in Afghanistan, Pakistan, and Iran, including assistance to conflict-affected populations in Pakistan.

- To date in FY 2009, DoD has provided approximately \$3.8 million in humanitarian assistance to Pakistan, including halal meals, air-conditioned tents, and generators.

**USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE
FOR CONFLICT-AFFECTED POPULATIONS IN PAKISTAN**

FY 2009			
<i>Implementing Partner</i>	<i>Activity</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Amount</i>
USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE¹			
Implementing Partners	Economy and Market Systems, WASH, Logistics, Relief Commodities, Protection, Nutrition, and Shelter and Settlements	NWFP	\$23,196,564
OCHA	Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management	NWFP and FATA	\$1,700,000
U.N. Human Settlements Program (UN HABITAT)	Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management, Shelter and Settlements	NWFP	\$1,110,000
UNICEF	WASH, Nutrition	NWFP	\$10,800,000
WFP	Logistical Support	NWFP	\$1,740,000
WFP	Local Food Procurement and Distribution	NWFP	\$35,453,612
WHO	Health	NWFP	\$2,600,000
	Administrative Support Costs	Countrywide	\$103,033
TOTAL USAID/OFDA			\$76,703,209
USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE			
WFP	39,670 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Countrywide	\$36,237,900
TOTAL USAID/FFP			\$36,237,900
USAID/PAKISTAN ASSISTANCE			
Implementing Partners	Economy and Market Systems, Relief Commodities, Shelter and Settlements, Agriculture and Food Security, WASH, Health	NWFP and FATA	\$5,763,631
USAID/PAKISTAN			\$5,763,631
STATE/PRM ASSISTANCE			
UNHCR, ICRC	Health, Protection, Humanitarian Coordination, Relief Commodities, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	NWFP	\$24,600,000
TOTAL STATE/PRM			\$24,600,000
USDA ASSISTANCE			
GoP Ministry of Agriculture	50,000 MT of Food For Progress Assistance	Countrywide	\$16,800,000
TOTAL USDA			\$16,800,000
DoD ASSISTANCE			
GoP	Emergency Relief Commodities and Related Transportation Costs	NWFP	\$3,800,000
TOTAL DoD			\$3,800,000
TOTAL USAID ASSISTANCE IN FY 2009			\$118,704,740
TOTAL USG ASSISTANCE IN FY 2009			\$163,904,740
FY 2008			
<i>Implementing Partner</i>	<i>Activity</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Amount</i>
USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE			

NGO Partners	Risk Reduction, Protection, Logistics and Relief Commodities, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	NWFP	\$1,595,680
UNICEF, WHO, UN HABITAT, U.N. Development Program (UNDP)	Health, Nutrition, Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management, Shelter and Settlements	NWFP	\$1,700,000
TOTAL USAID/OFDA			\$3,295,680
USAID/PAKISTAN ASSISTANCE			
NGO Partners	Livelihood Recovery, Relief Commodities	FATA	\$1,529,275
Implementing Partners	Economy and Market Systems, Relief Commodities, Shelter and Settlements, Agriculture and Food Security, WASH	FATA	\$303,402
TOTAL USAID/PAKISTAN			\$1,832,677
TOTAL USAID ASSISTANCE IN FY 2008			\$5,128,357
TOTAL USAID AND STATE ASSISTANCE IN FY 2008			\$5,128,357
FY 2008 AND FY 2009			
TOTAL USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE IN FY 2008 AND FY 2009			\$79,998,889
TOTAL USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE IN FY 2008 AND FY 2009			\$36,237,900
TOTAL USAID/PAKISTAN ASSISTANCE IN FY 2008 AND FY 2009²			\$7,596,308
TOTAL USAID ASSISTANCE IN FY 2008 AND FY 2009			\$123,833,097
TOTAL STATE/PRM ASSISTANCE IN FY 2008 AND FY 2009³			\$24,600,000
TOTAL USDA ASSISTANCE IN FY 2008 AND FY 2009			\$16,800,000
TOTAL DoD ASSISTANCE IN FY 2008 AND FY 2009			\$3,800,000
TOTAL USG ASSISTANCE IN FY 2008 AND FY 2009			\$169,033,097

¹ USAID/OFDA funding represents anticipated or actual obligated amounts as of June 23, 2009

² Estimated value of food assistance.

³ Total USAID/Pakistan humanitarian assistance in FY 2008 and to date in FY 2009 does not include funding for development activities.

⁴ Total State FY 2008 assistance does not include more than \$51 million in regional humanitarian assistance provided by State/PRM.

PUBLIC DONATION INFORMATION

- The most effective way people can assist relief efforts is by making cash contributions to humanitarian organizations that are conducting relief operations. A list of humanitarian organizations that are accepting cash donations for displacement response efforts in Pakistan can be found at www.interaction.org. Information on organizations responding to the humanitarian situation in Pakistan may be available at www.reliefweb.int.
- USAID encourages cash donations because they allow aid professionals to procure the exact items needed (often in the affected region); reduce the burden on scarce resources (such as transportation routes, staff time, and warehouse space); can be transferred very quickly and without transportation costs; support the economy of the disaster-stricken region; and ensure culturally, dietary, and environmentally appropriate assistance.
- More information can be found at:
 - USAID: www.usaid.gov – Keyword: Donations
 - The Center for International Disaster Information: www.cidi.org or (703) 276-1914
 - Information on relief activities of the humanitarian community can be found at www.reliefweb.int