



## COUNTRY PROFILE



*A voter in Juba, southern Sudan, displays her voter registration card for the April 2010 national elections.*

### OVERVIEW

The U.S. Government is the leading international donor to Sudan, having provided nearly \$10 billion in assistance to Sudan and eastern Chad since 2005. It is focused on a definitive end to conflict, human rights abuses, and genocide in Darfur, and peaceful implementation of the 2005 Comprehensive Peace Agreement (CPA) that ended 22 years of North-South civil war. Since the CPA was signed, 2 million displaced people have returned to their communities in southern Sudan and the Three Areas (Southern Kordofan, Blue Nile, and Abyei). However, the lack of basic infrastructure and institutional capacity impedes economic and social progress. Meanwhile, an estimated 2.7 million people have been driven from their homes in Darfur, where conflict and insecurity persist, reducing humanitarian access. As part of the United States' commitment to support the peace process, save lives, and safeguard human rights, USAID programs promote stability, recovery, and democratic reform and foster improved health and education services to the Sudanese people.



### PROGRAMS

#### HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE

In Darfur, where conflict has affected more than 4.7 million people, USAID has provided life-saving assistance since 2004. In other areas of Sudan, USAID meets immediate humanitarian needs while funding activities that support the CPA, lead to longer-term recovery, and support Sudan's transition to peace and security. In 2009, USAID provided \$127.6 million in Sudan and to Sudanese refugees in eastern Chad for water, sanitation and hygiene, health services, shelter and camp management, livelihood support, and infrastructure rehabilitation.

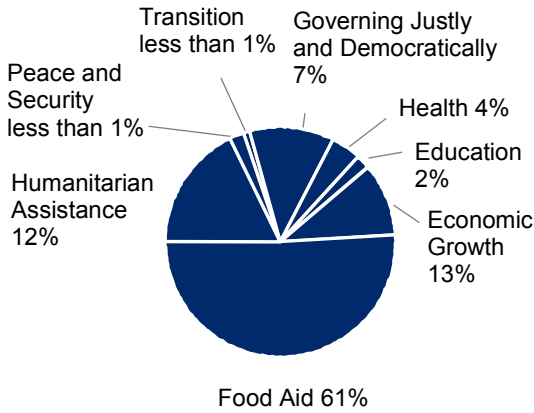
#### FOOD AID

Since 2004, USAID has been the world's largest donor of food assistance to Sudan. Priorities for food assistance include assisting displaced people and populations affected by conflict in Darfur and other volatile regions of Sudan, providing basic services in underserved areas, assisting returnees with immediate needs, and improving food security throughout the country. In 2009, USAID provided \$679.7 million in emergency food aid to support vulnerable people in Sudan, as well as Sudanese refugees in eastern Chad. USAID also provides \$30 million annually for a multi-year development food aid program focused on



COUNTRY PROFILE CONTINUED

**USAID ASSISTANCE TO SUDAN  
FY 2009**



Peace and Security	\$6.7
Governing Justly and Democratically	\$72.7
Health	\$47.1
Education	\$25.5
Economic Growth	\$140.8
Food Aid	\$679.7*
Humanitarian Assistance	\$127.6*
Transition	\$4.3
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$1,104.4</b>

Note: Amounts in millions

\* includes eastern Chad

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improving public health and agricultural productivity in target areas throughout southern Sudan.

**PEACE AND SECURITY**

USAID works to strengthen Sudanese confidence and capacity to address the causes and consequences of political conflict, violence, and instability. This includes building the capacity of local authorities to deliver peace dividends and enforce the rule of law. USAID also supports community consensus-building through key reconciliation processes to mitigate potentially catalytic conflicts. In Darfur, USAID provides civil society and community organizations with early recovery assistance for peace-building activities and provides basic services.

**GOVERNING JUSTLY AND DEMOCRATICALLY**

In southern Sudan and the Three Areas, USAID strengthens democratic governance and supports key CPA political processes. Activities strengthen core government institutions and help develop systems to meet citizen needs at regional and state levels. In the Three Areas, USAID works to enhance the ability of local governments to transparently manage resources, while delivering tangible peace dividends such as improved economic opportunities. USAID also supports implementation of key CPA milestones—the 2008 census, the 2010 national elections, popular consultations in Blue Nile and Southern Kordofan, and the referenda on the future status of southern Sudan and Abyei.

**INVESTING IN PEOPLE**

USAID health and education programs focus on delivering peace dividends to the people of Sudan while strengthening systems to provide basic services, such as maternal and child health services, while reducing the burden of HIV/AIDS, malaria, tuberculosis, polio, and other infectious diseases. USAID also increases access to basic water and sanitation infrastructure, and trains citizens on hygiene practices. To improve education, USAID rehabilitates schools, trains teachers, hosts educational radio programs, mobilizes parent-teacher associations, and provides scholarships to vulnerable children, increasing Sudan’s capacity to provide quality primary education, especially for girls.

**ECONOMIC GROWTH**

USAID activities link isolated communities and facilitate an enabling environment for market development, through improvement of roads, assistance in electrification, agricultural support, bolstering of private sector competitiveness, support for improved land policies, and promotion of better environmental management of the Boma-Jonglei landscape and its rich biodiversity.